

APPENDIX B

SIZING OF VENTING SYSTEMS SERVING APPLIANCES EQUIPPED WITH DRAFT HOODS, CATEGORY I APPLIANCES, AND APPLIANCES LISTED FOR USE WITH TYPE B VENTS (Not Adopted by the State of Oregon)

(This appendix is informative and is not part of the *code*. This appendix is an excerpt from the 2009 *International Fuel Gas Code*, coordinated with the section numbering of the *International Residential Code*.)

EXAMPLES USING SINGLE APPLIANCE VENTING TABLES

Example 1: Single draft-hood-equipped appliance.

An installer has a 120,000 British thermal unit (*Btu*) per hour input appliance with a 5-inch-diameter *draft hood* outlet that needs to be vented into a 10-foot-high Type B vent system. What size vent should be used assuming (a) a 5-foot lateral single-wall metal *vent connector* is used with two 90-degree elbows, or (b) a 5-foot lateral single-wall metal *vent connector* is used with three 90-degree elbows in the vent system?

Solution:

Table G2428.2(2) should be used to solve this problem, because single-wall metal *vent connectors* are being used with a Type B vent.

- (a) Read down the first column in Table G2428.2(2) until the row associated with a 10-foot height and 5-foot lateral is found. Read across this row until a *vent* capacity

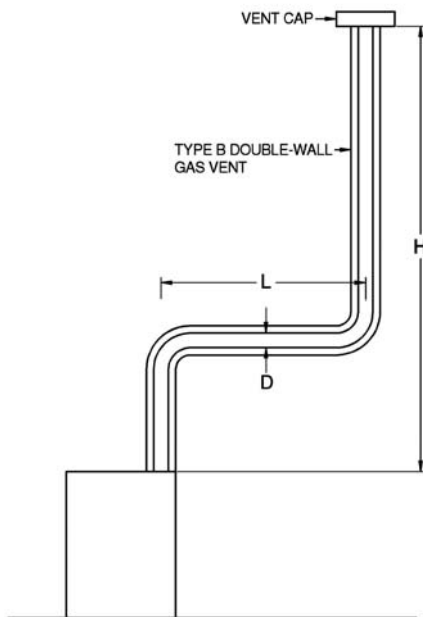
greater than 120,000 *Btu* per hour is located in the shaded columns labeled "NAT Max" for *draft-hood*-equipped appliances. In this case, a 5-inch-diameter *vent* has a capacity of 122,000 *Btu* per hour and may be used for this application.

- (b) If three 90-degree elbows are used in the vent system, then the maximum vent capacity listed in the tables must be reduced by 10 percent (see Section G2428.2.3 for single appliance vents). This implies that the 5-inch-diameter vent has an adjusted capacity of only 110,000 *Btu* per hour. In this case, the vent system must be increased to 6 inches in diameter (see calculations below).

$$122,000 (0.90) = 110,000 \text{ for 5-inch vent}$$

From Table G2428.2(2), Select 6-inch vent

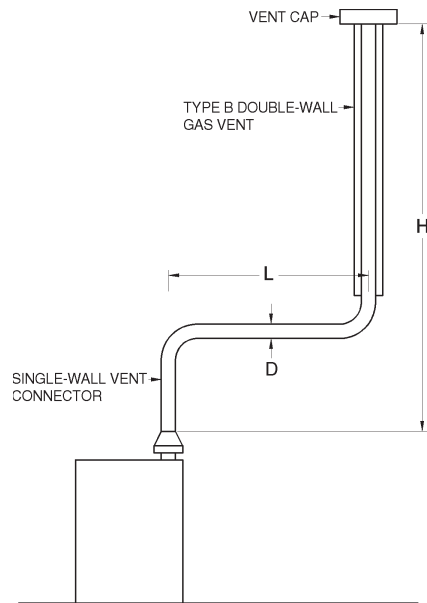
$186,000 (0.90) = 167,000$; This is greater than the required 120,000. Therefore, use a 6-inch vent and connector where three elbows are used.



For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W.
Table G2428.2(1) is used when sizing Type B double-wall gas vent connected directly to the appliance.

Note: The appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-1
TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL VENT SYSTEM SERVING A SINGLE APPLIANCE WITH A TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL VENT



For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W.
Table G2428.2(2) is used when sizing a single-wall metal vent connector attached to a Type B double-wall gas vent.

Note: The appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-2
TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL VENT SYSTEM SERVING A SINGLE APPLIANCE WITH A SINGLE-WALL METAL VENT CONNECTOR

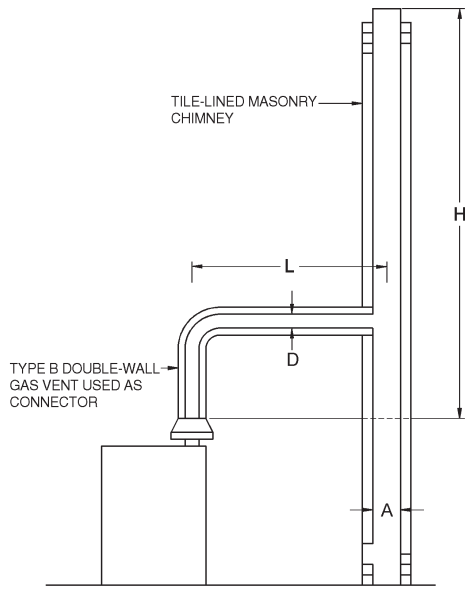
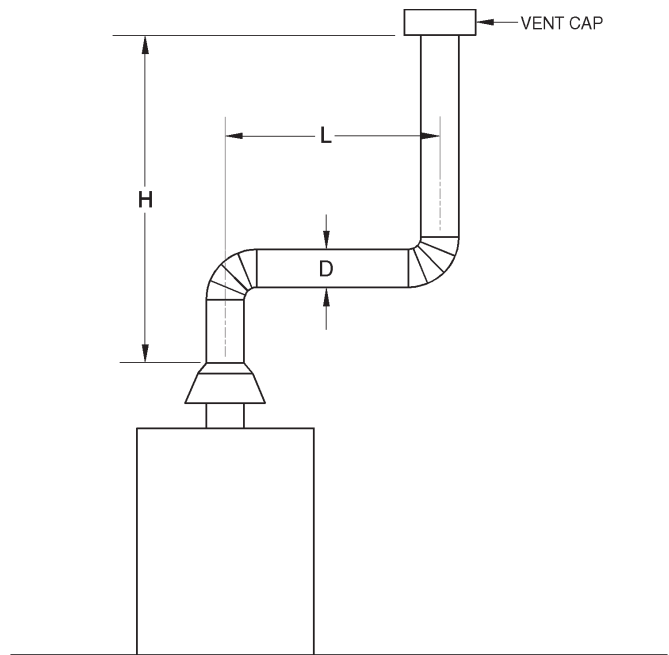


Table 504.2(3) of the *International Fuel Gas Code* is used when sizing a Type B double-wall gas vent connector attached to a tile-lined masonry chimney.

Note: "A" is the equivalent cross-sectional area of the tile liner.

Note: The appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-3
VENT SYSTEM SERVING A SINGLE APPLIANCE
WITH A MASONRY CHIMNEY OF TYPE B
DOUBLE-WALL VENT CONNECTOR



Asbestos cement Type B or single-wall metal vent serving a single draft-hood-equipped appliance [see Table 504.2(5) of the *International Fuel Gas Code*].

FIGURE B-5
ASBESTOS CEMENT TYPE B OR SINGLE-WALL
METAL VENT SYSTEM SERVING A SINGLE
DRAFT-HOOD-EQUIPPED APPLIANCE

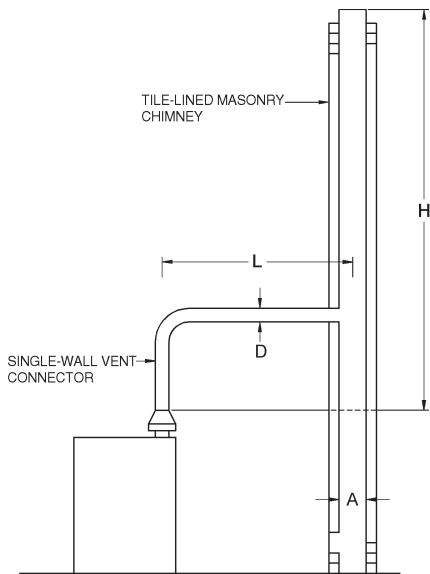


Table 504.2(4) of the *International Fuel Gas Code* is used when sizing a single-wall vent connector attached to a tile-lined masonry chimney.

Note: "A" is the equivalent cross-sectional area of the tile liner.

Note: The appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-4
VENT SYSTEM SERVING A SINGLE APPLIANCE
USING A MASONRY CHIMNEY AND A
SINGLE-WALL METAL VENT CONNECTOR

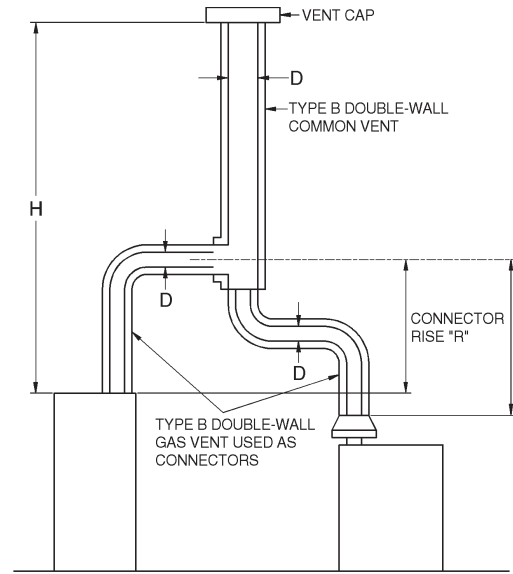


Table G2428.3(1) is used when sizing Type B double-wall vent connectors attached to a Type B double-wall common vent.

Note: Each appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-6
VENT SYSTEM SERVING TWO OR MORE APPLIANCES
WITH TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL VENT AND TYPE B
DOUBLE-WALL VENT CONNECTOR

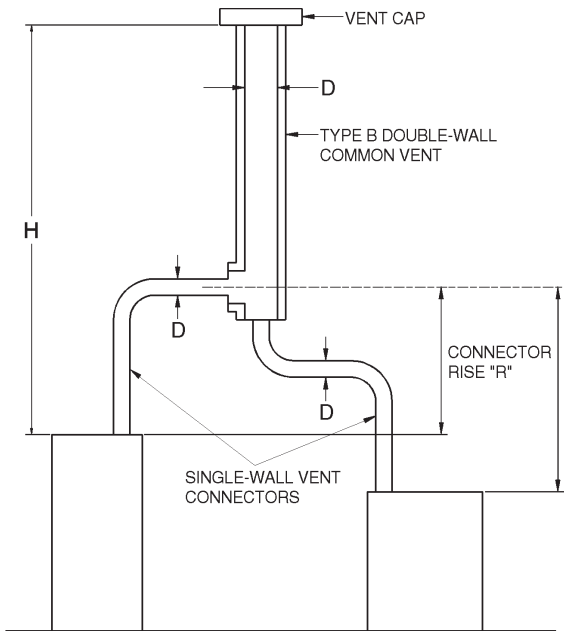


Table G2428.3(2) is used when sizing single-wall vent connectors attached to a Type B double-wall common vent.

Note: Each appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-7
VENT SYSTEM SERVING TWO OR MORE APPLIANCES
WITH TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL VENT AND
SINGLE-WALL METAL VENT CONNECTORS

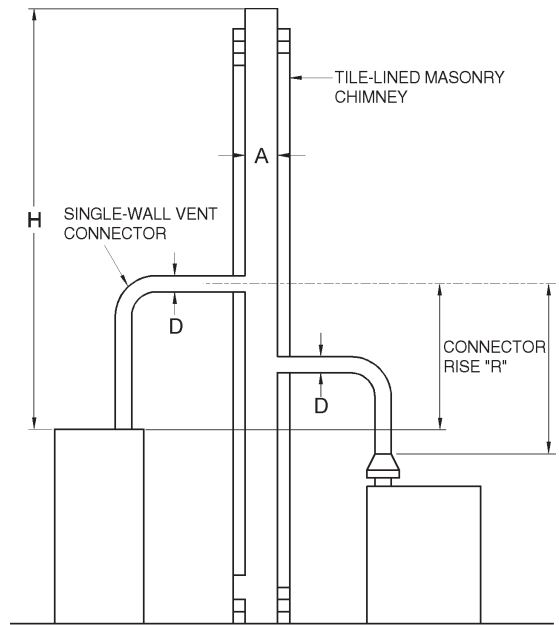


Table G2428.3(4) is used when sizing single-wall metal vent connectors attached to a tile-lined masonry chimney.

Note: "A" is the equivalent cross-sectional area of the tile liner.

Note: Each appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-9
MASONRY CHIMNEY SERVING TWO OR MORE APPLIANCES
WITH SINGLE-WALL METAL VENT CONNECTORS

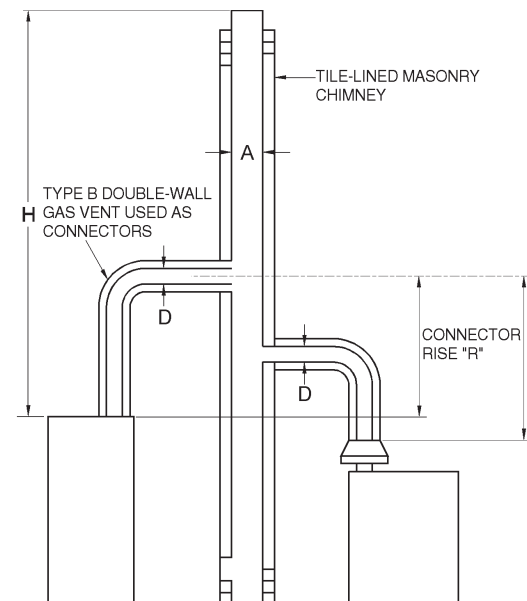
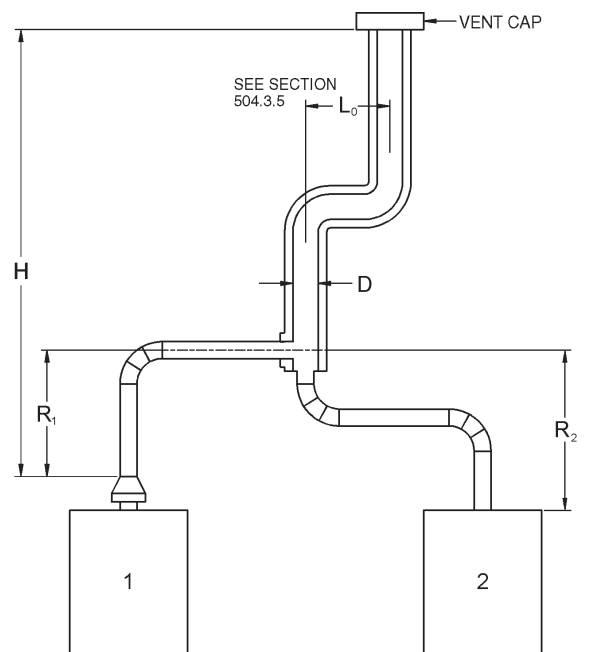


Table G2428.3(3) is used when sizing Type B double-wall vent connectors attached to a tile-lined masonry chimney.

Note: "A" is the equivalent cross-sectional area of the tile liner.

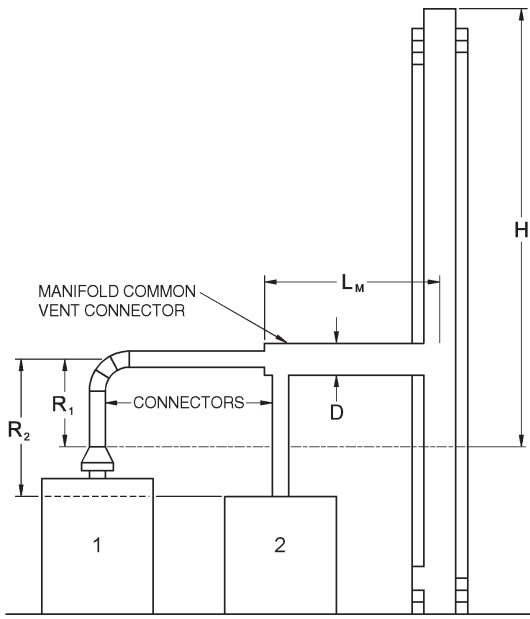
Note: Each appliance may be either Category I draft hood equipped or fan-assisted type.

FIGURE B-8
MASONRY CHIMNEY SERVING TWO OR MORE APPLIANCES
WITH TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL VENT CONNECTOR



Asbestos cement Type B or single-wall metal pipe vent serving two or more draft-hood-equipped appliances [see Table 504.3(5) of the *International Fuel Gas Code*].

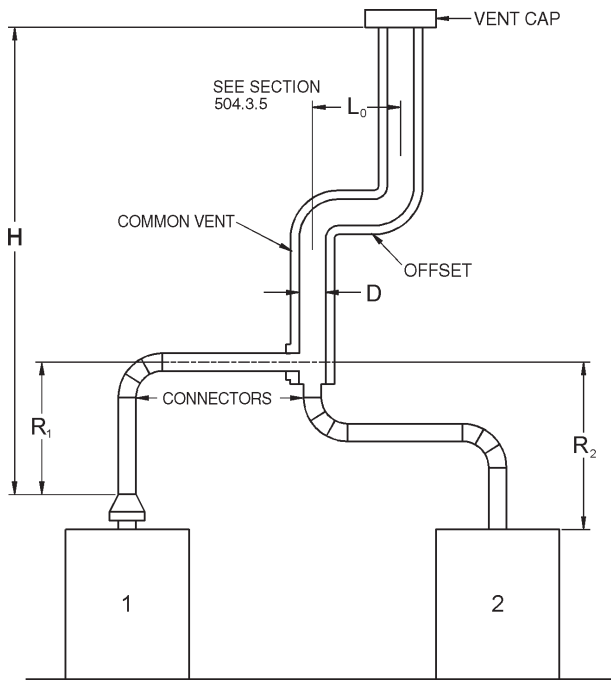
FIGURE B-10
ASBESTOS CEMENT TYPE B OR SINGLE-WALL
METAL VENT SYSTEM SERVING TWO OR MORE
DRAFT-HOOD-EQUIPPED APPLIANCES



Example: Manifolded Common Vent Connector L_M shall be no greater than 18 times the common vent connector manifold inside diameter; i.e., a 4-inch (102 mm) inside diameter common vent connector manifold shall not exceed 72 inches (1829 mm) in length (see Section G2428.3.4).

Note: This is an illustration of a typical manifolded vent connector. Different appliance, vent connector, or common vent types are possible. Consult Section G2426.3.

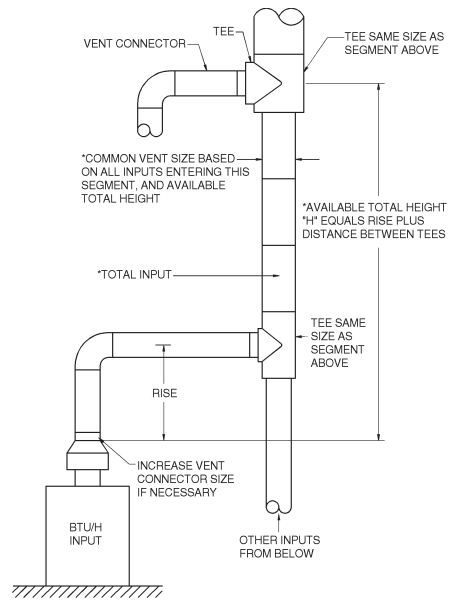
**FIGURE B-11
USE OF MANIFOLD COMMON VENT CONNECTOR**



Example: Offset Common Vent

Note: This is an illustration of a typical offset vent. Different appliance, vent connector, or vent types are possible. Consult Sections G2428.2 and G2428.3.

**FIGURE B-12
USE OF OFFSET COMMON VENT**



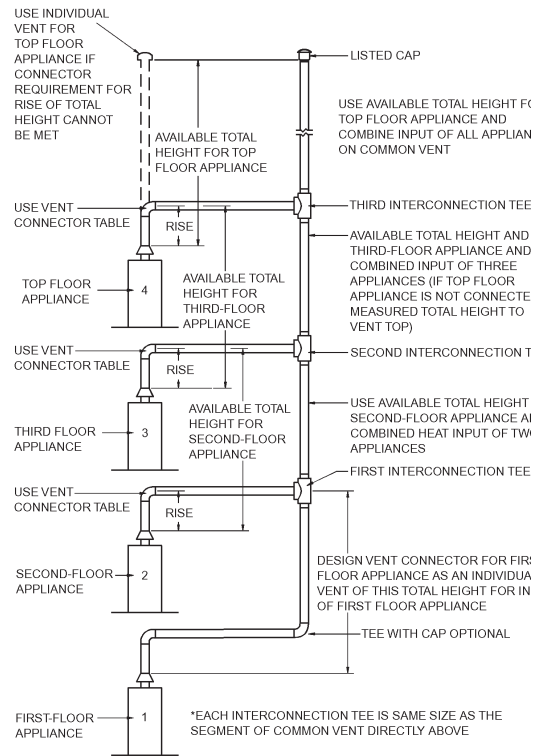
Vent connector size depends on:

- Combined inputs
- Rise
- Available total height "H"
- Table G2428.3(1) connectors

Common vent size depends on:

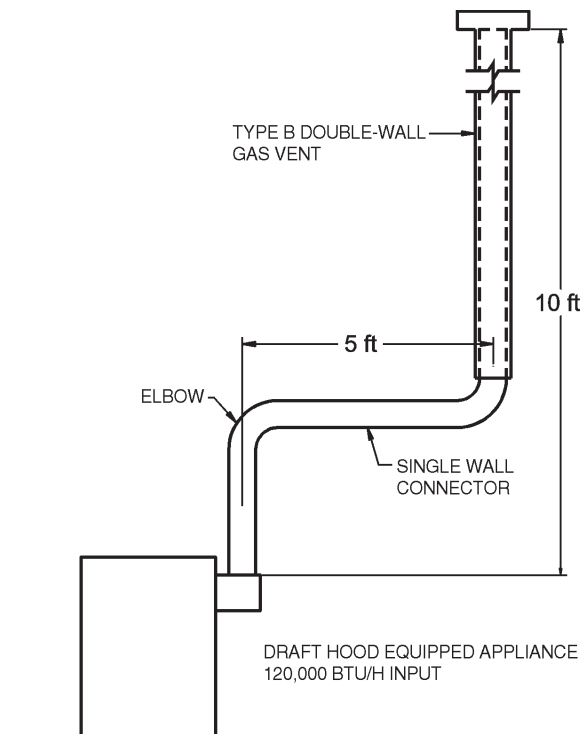
- Input
- Available total height "H"
- Table G2428.3(1) common vent

**FIGURE B-13
MULTISTORY GAS VENT DESIGN PROCEDURE
FOR EACH SEGMENT OF SYSTEM**



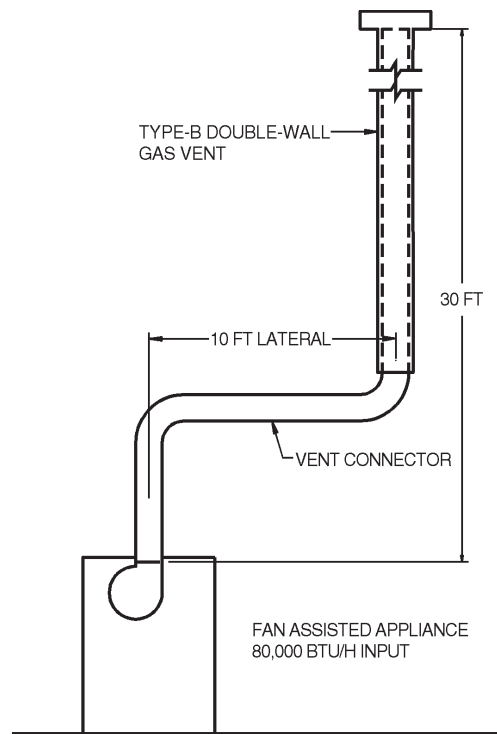
Principles of design of multistory vents using vent connector and common vent design tables (see Sections G2428.3.11 through G2428.3.13).

**FIGURE B-14
MULTISTORY VENT SYSTEMS**



For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W.

**FIGURE B-15 (EXAMPLE 1)
SINGLE DRAFT-HOOD-EQUIPPED APPLIANCE**



For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W.

**FIGURE B-16 (EXAMPLE 2)
SINGLE FAN-ASSISTED APPLIANCE**

Example 2: Single fan-assisted appliance.

An installer has an 80,000 *Btu* per hour input fan-assisted appliance that must be installed using 10 feet of lateral connector attached to a 30-foot-high Type B vent. Two 90-degree elbows are needed for the installation. Can a single-wall metal vent connector be used for this application?

Solution:

Table G2428.2(2) refers to the use of single-wall metal vent connectors with Type B vent. In the first column find the row associated with a 30-foot height and a 10-foot lateral. Read across this row, looking at the FAN Min and FAN Max columns, to find that a 3-inch-diameter single-wall metal vent connector is not recommended. Moving to the next larger size single wall connector (4 inches), note that a 4-inch-diameter single-wall metal connector has a recommended minimum vent capacity of 91,000 *Btu* per hour and a recommended maximum vent capacity of 144,000 *Btu* per hour. The 80,000 *Btu* per hour fan-assisted appliance is outside this range, so the conclusion is that a single-wall metal vent connector cannot be used to vent this appliance using 10 feet of lateral for the connector.

However, if the 80,000 *Btu* per hour input appliance could be moved to within 5 feet of the vertical vent, then a 4-inch single-wall metal connector could be used to vent the appliance. Table G2428.2(2) shows the acceptable range of vent capacities for a 4-inch vent with 5 feet of lateral to be between 72,000 *Btu* per hour and 157,000 *Btu* per hour.

If the appliance cannot be moved closer to the vertical vent, then Type B vent could be used as the connector material. In this case, Table G2428.2(1) shows that for a 30-foot-high vent with 10 feet of lateral, the acceptable range of vent capacities for a 4-inch-diameter vent attached to a fan-assisted appliance is between 37,000 *Btu* per hour and 150,000 *Btu* per hour.

Example 3: Interpolating between table values.

An installer has an 80,000 *Btu* per hour input appliance with a 4-inch-diameter draft hood outlet that needs to be vented into a 12-foot-high Type B vent. The vent connector has a 5-foot lateral length and is also Type B. Can this appliance be vented using a 4-inch-diameter vent?

Solution:

Table G2428.2(1) is used in the case of an all Type B vent system. However, since there is no entry in Table G2428.2(1) for a height of 12 feet, interpolation must be used. Read down the 4-inch diameter NAT Max column to the row associated with 10-foot height and 5-foot lateral to find the capacity value of 77,000 *Btu* per hour. Read further down to the 15-foot height, 5-foot lateral row to find the capacity value of 87,000 *Btu* per hour. The difference between the 15-foot height capacity value and the 10-foot height capacity value is 10,000 *Btu* per hour. The capacity for a vent system with a 12-foot height is equal to the capacity for a 10-foot height plus $\frac{2}{5}$ of the difference between the 10-foot and 15-foot height values, or $77,000 + \frac{2}{5}(10,000) = 81,000$ *Btu* per hour. Therefore, a 4-inch-diameter vent may be used in the installation.

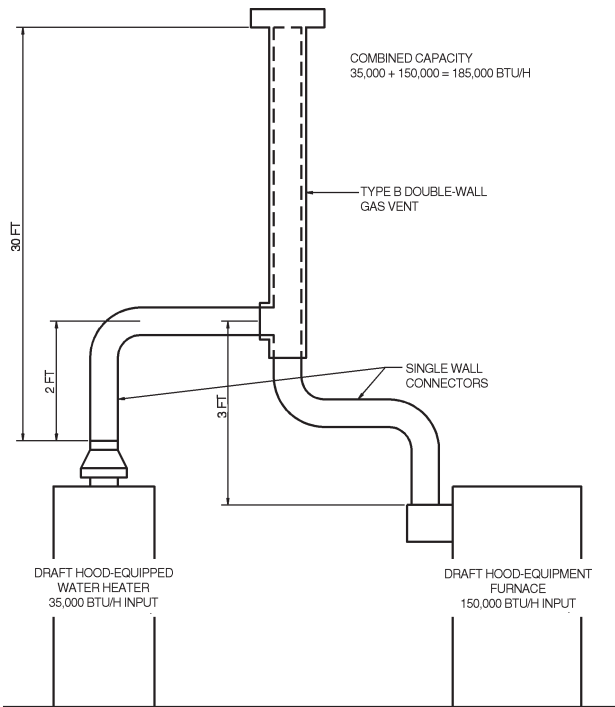
EXAMPLES USING COMMON VENTING TABLES

Example 4: Common venting two draft-hood-equipped appliances.

A 35,000 Btu per hour *water heater* is to be common vented with a 150,000 Btu per hour *furnace* using a common vent with a total height of 30 feet. The connector rise is 2 feet for the *water heater* with a horizontal length of 4 feet. The connector rise for the *furnace* is 3 feet with a horizontal length of 8 feet. Assume single-wall metal connectors will be used with Type B vent. What size connectors and combined vent should be used in this installation?

Solution:

Table G2428.3(2) should be used to size single-wall metal vent connectors attached to Type B vertical vents. In the vent connector capacity portion of Table G2428.3(2), find the row associated with a 30-foot vent height. For a 2-foot rise on the vent connector for the *water heater*, read the shaded columns for draft-hood-equipped appliances to find that a 3-inch-diameter vent connector has a capacity of 37,000 Btu per hour. Therefore, a 3-inch single-wall metal vent connector may be used with the *water heater*. For a draft-hood-equipped *furnace* with a 3-foot rise, read across the appropriate row to find that a 5-inch-diameter vent connector has a maximum capacity of 120,000 Btu per hour (which is too small for the *furnace*) and a 6-inch-diameter vent connector has a maximum vent capacity of 172,000 Btu per hour. Therefore, a 6-inch-diameter vent connector should be used with the 150,000 Btu per hour *furnace*. Since both vent connector horizontal lengths are less than the maximum lengths listed in Section G2428.3.2, the table values may be used without adjustments.



**FIGURE B-17 (EXAMPLE 4)
COMMON VENTING TWO DRAFT-
HOOD-EQUIPPED APPLIANCES**

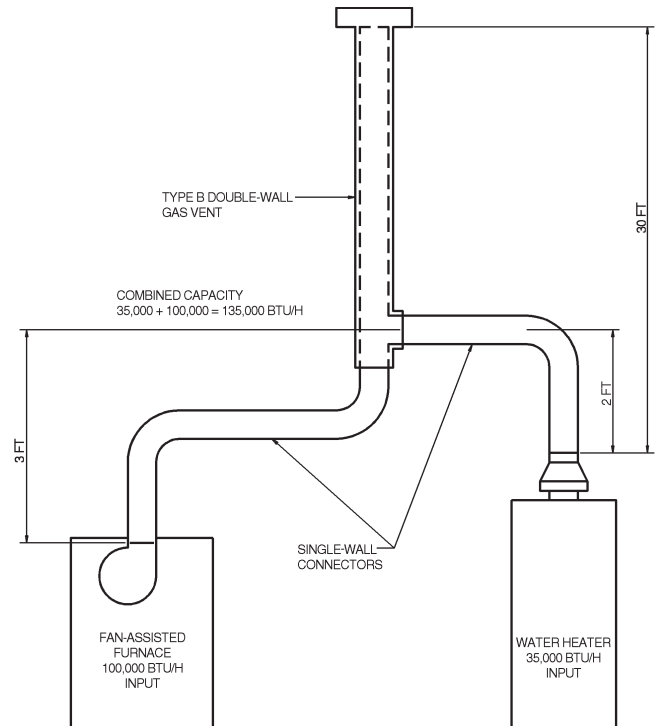
In the common vent capacity portion of Table G2428.3(2), find the row associated with a 30-foot vent height and read over to the NAT + NAT portion of the 6-inch-diameter column to find a maximum combined capacity of 257,000 Btu per hour. Since the two appliances total only 185,000 Btu per hour, a 6-inch common vent may be used.

Example 5a: Common venting a draft-hood-equipped water heater with a fan-assisted furnace into a Type B vent.

In this case, a 35,000 Btu per hour input draft-hood-equipped *water heater* with a 4-inch-diameter draft hood outlet, 2 feet of connector rise, and 4 feet of horizontal length is to be common vented with a 100,000 Btu per hour fan-assisted *furnace* with a 4-inch-diameter flue collar, 3 feet of connector rise, and 6 feet of horizontal length. The common vent consists of a 30-foot height of Type B vent. What are the recommended vent diameters for each connector and the common vent? The installer would like to use a single-wall metal vent connector.

Solution:

Water Heater Vent Connector Diameter. Since the *water heater vent connector* horizontal length of 4 feet is less than the maximum value listed in Section G2428.3.2, the venting table values may be used without adjustments. Using the *Vent Connector Capacity* portion of Table G2428.3(2), read down the Total Vent Height (H) column to 30 feet and read across the 2-foot Connector Rise (R) row to the first Btu per hour rating in the NAT Max column that is equal to or greater than the *water heater* input rating. The table shows that a 3-inch vent connector has a maximum input rating of 37,000 Btu per hour. Although this is greater than the *water heater* input rating, a 3-inch vent connector is prohibited by Section G2428.3.17. A 4-



**FIGURE B-18 (EXAMPLE 5A)
COMMON VENTING A DRAFT HOOD WITH A FAN-ASSISTED
FURNACE INTO A TYPE B DOUBLE-WALL COMMON VENT**

inch *vent connector* has a maximum input rating of 67,000 *Btu* per hour and is equal to the *draft hood* outlet diameter. A 4-inch *vent connector* is selected. Since the *water heater* is equipped with a *draft hood*, there are no minimum input rating restrictions.

Furnace Vent Connector Diameter. Using the *Vent Connector Capacity* portion of Table G2428.3(2), read down the Total Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet and across the 3-foot Connector Rise (*R*) row. Since the *furnace* has a fan-assisted *combustion* system, find the first FAN Max column with a *Btu* per hour rating greater than the *furnace* input rating. The 4-inch *vent connector* has a maximum input rating of 119,000 *Btu* per hour and a minimum input rating of 85,000 *Btu* per hour. The 100,000 *Btu* per hour *furnace* in this example falls within this range, so a 4-inch connector is adequate. Since the *furnace vent connector* horizontal length of 6 feet does not exceed the maximum value listed in Section G2428.3.2, the venting table values may be used without adjustment. If the *furnace* had an input rating of 80,000 *Btu* per hour, then a Type B *vent connector* [see Table G2428.3(1)] would be needed in order to meet the minimum capacity limit.

Common Vent Diameter. The total input to the common *vent* is 135,000 *Btu* per hour. Using the Common Vent Capacity portion of Table G2428.3(2), read down the Total Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet and across this row to find the smallest vent diameter in the FAN + NAT column that has a *Btu* per hour rating equal to or greater than 135,000 *Btu* per hour. The 4-inch common vent has a capacity of 132,000 *Btu* per hour and the 5-inch common vent has a capacity of 202,000 *Btu* per hour. Therefore, the 5-inch common vent should be used in this example.

Summary. In this example, the installer may use a 4-inch-diameter, single-wall metal *vent connector* for the *water heater* and a 4-inch-diameter, single-wall metal *vent connector* for the *furnace*. The common vent should be a 5-inch-diameter Type B vent.

Example 5b: Common venting into a masonry chimney.

In this case, the *water heater* and fan-assisted *furnace* of Example 5a are to be common vented into a clay tile-lined *masonry chimney* with a 30-foot height. The *chimney* is not exposed to the outdoors below the roof line. The internal dimensions of the clay tile liner are nominally 8 inches by 12 inches. Assuming the same *vent connector* heights, laterals, and materials found in Example 5a, what are the recommended *vent connector* diameters, and is this an acceptable installation?

Solution:

Table G2428.3(4) is used to size common venting installations involving single-wall connectors into *masonry chimneys*.

Water Heater Vent Connector Diameter. Using Table G2428.3(4), *Vent Connector Capacity*, read down the Total Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet, and read across the 2-foot Connector Rise (*R*) row to the first *Btu* per hour rating in the NAT Max column that is equal to or greater than the *water heater* input rating. The table shows that a 3-inch *vent connector* has a maximum input of only 31,000 *Btu* per hour while a 4-inch *vent connector* has a maximum input of 57,000 *Btu* per hour. A 4-inch *vent connector* must therefore be used.

Furnace Vent Connector Diameter. Using the *Vent Connector Capacity* portion of Table G2428.3(4), read down the Total Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet and across the 3-foot Connector Rise (*R*) row. Since the *furnace* has a fan-assisted *combustion* system, find the first FAN Max column with a *Btu* per hour rating greater than the *furnace* input rating. The 4-inch *vent connector* has a maximum input rating of 127,000 *Btu* per hour and a minimum input rating of 95,000 *Btu* per hour. The 100,000 *Btu* per hour *furnace* in this example falls within this range, so a 4-inch connector is adequate.

Masonry Chimney. From Table B-1, the equivalent area for a nominal liner size of 8 inches by 12 inches is 63.6 square inches. Using Table G2428.3(4), Common Vent Capacity, read down the FAN + NAT column under the Minimum Internal Area of *Chimney* value of 63 to the row for 30-foot height to find a capacity value of 739,000 *Btu* per hour. The combined input rating of the *furnace* and *water heater*, 135,000 *Btu* per hour, is less than the table value, so this is an acceptable installation.

Section G2428.3.13 requires the common vent area to be no greater than seven times the smallest listed appliance categorized *vent* area, *flue collar* area, or *draft hood* outlet area. Both appliances in this installation have 4-inch-diameter outlets. From Table B-1, the equivalent area for an inside diameter of 4 inches is 12.2 square inches. Seven times 12.2 equals 85.4, which is greater than 63.6, so this configuration is acceptable.

Example 5c: Common venting into an exterior masonry chimney.

In this case, the *water heater* and fan-assisted *furnace* of Examples 5a and 5b are to be common vented into an exterior *masonry chimney*. The *chimney* height, clay tile liner dimensions, and *vent connector* heights and laterals are the same as in Example 5b. This system is being installed in Charlotte, North Carolina. Does this exterior *masonry chimney* need to be relined? If so, what corrugated metallic liner size is recommended? What *vent connector* diameters are recommended?

Solution:

According to Section 504.3.20 of the *International Fuel Gas Code*, Type B *vent connectors* are required to be used with *exterior masonry chimneys*. Use Table 504.3(7) of the *International Fuel Gas Code* to size FAN+NAT common venting installations involving Type-B double wall connectors into *exterior masonry chimneys*.

The local 99-percent winter design temperature needed to use Table 504.3(7) can be found in the ASHRAE *Handbook of Fundamentals*. For Charlotte, North Carolina, this design temperature is 19°F.

Chimney Liner Requirement. As in Example 5b, use the 63 square inch Internal Area columns for this size clay tile liner. Read down the 63 square inch column of Table 504.3(7a) of the *International Fuel Gas Code* to the 30-foot height row to find that the combined appliance maximum input is 747,000 *Btu* per hour. The combined input rating of the appliances in this installation, 135,000 *Btu* per hour, is less than the maximum value, so this criterion is satisfied. Table 504.3(7b), at a 19°F design temperature, and at the same vent height and internal area used above, shows that the minimum allowable input rating of a

space-heating appliance is 470,000 *Btu* per hour. The *furnace* input rating of 100,000 *Btu* per hour is less than this minimum value. So this criterion is not satisfied, and an alternative venting design needs to be used, such as a Type B vent shown in Example 5a or a listed *chimney* liner system shown in the remainder of the example.

According to Section G2428.3.15, Table G2428.3(1) or G2428.3(2) is used for sizing corrugated metallic liners in *masonry chimneys*, with the maximum common vent capacities reduced by 20 percent. This example will be continued assuming Type B *vent connectors*.

Water Heater Vent Connector Diameter. Using Table G2428.3(1), *Vent Connector Capacity*, read down the Total Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet, and read across the 2-foot Connector Rise (*R*) row to the first *Btu/h* rating in the NAT Max column that is equal to or greater than the *water heater* input rating. The table shows that a 3-inch *vent connector* has a maximum capacity of 39,000 *Btu/h*. Although this rating is greater than the *water heater* input rating, a 3-inch *vent connector* is prohibited by Section G2428.3.17. A 4-inch *vent connector* has a maximum input rating of 70,000 *Btu/h* and is equal to the *draft hood* outlet diameter. A 4-inch *vent connector* is selected.

Furnace Vent Connector Diameter. Using Table G2428.3(1), *Vent Connector Capacity*, read down the Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet, and read across the 3-foot Connector Rise (*R*) row to the first *Btu* per hour rating in the FAN Max column that is equal to or greater than the *furnace* input rating. The 100,000 *Btu* per hour *furnace* in this example falls within this range, so a 4-inch connector is adequate.

Chimney Liner Diameter. The total input to the common vent is 135,000 *Btu* per hour. Using the Common Vent Capacity Portion of Table G2428.3(1), read down the Vent Height (*H*) column to 30 feet and across this row to find the smallest *vent* diameter in the FAN+NAT column that has a *Btu* per hour rating greater than 135,000 *Btu* per hour. The 4-inch common *vent* has a capacity of 138,000 *Btu* per hour. Reducing the maximum capacity by 20 percent (Section G2428.3.15) results in a maximum capacity for a 4-inch corrugated liner of 110,000 *Btu* per hour, less than the total input of 135,000 *Btu* per hour. So a larger liner is needed. The 5-inch common vent capacity listed in Table G2428.3(1) is 210,000 *Btu* per hour, and after reducing by 20 percent is 168,000 *Btu* per hour. Therefore, a 5-inch corrugated metal liner should be used in this example.

Single-Wall Connectors. Once it has been established that relining the *chimney* is necessary, Type B double-wall *vent connectors* are not specifically required. This example could be redone using Table G2428.3(2) for single-wall *vent connectors*. For this case, the *vent connector* and liner diameters would be the same as found above with Type B double-wall connectors.

TABLE B-1
MASONRY CHIMNEY LINER DIMENSIONS
WITH CIRCULAR EQUIVALENTS^a

NOMINAL LINER SIZE (inches)	INSIDE DIMENSIONS OF LINER (inches)	INSIDE DIAMETER OR EQUIVALENT DIAMETER (inches)	EQUIVALENT AREA (square inches)
4 × 8	2½ × 6½	4	12.2
		5	19.6
		6	28.3
		7	38.3
8 × 8	6¾ × 6¾	7.4	42.7
		8	50.3
8 × 12	6½ × 10½	9	63.6
		10	78.5
12 × 12	9¾ × 9¾	10.4	83.3
		11	95
12 × 16	9½ × 13½	11.8	107.5
		12	113.0
		14	153.9
16 × 16	13¼ × 13¼	14.5	162.9
		15	176.7
16 × 20	13 × 17	16.2	206.1
		18	254.4
20 × 20	16¾ × 16¾	18.2	260.2
		20	314.1
20 × 24	16½ × 20½	20.1	314.2
		22	380.1
24 × 24	20¼ × 20¼	22.1	380.1
		24	452.3
24 × 28	20¼ × 20¼	24.1	456.2
		26.4	543.3
28 × 28	24¼ × 24¼	27	572.5
		27.9	607
30 × 30	25½ × 25½	30	706.8
		30.9	749.9
30 × 36	25½ × 31½	33	855.3
		34.4	929.4
36 × 36	31½ × 31½	36	1017.9

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 square inch = 645.16 mm².

a. Where liner sizes differ dimensionally from those shown in Table B-1, equivalent diameters may be determined from published tables for square and rectangular ducts of equivalent carrying capacity or by other engineering methods.

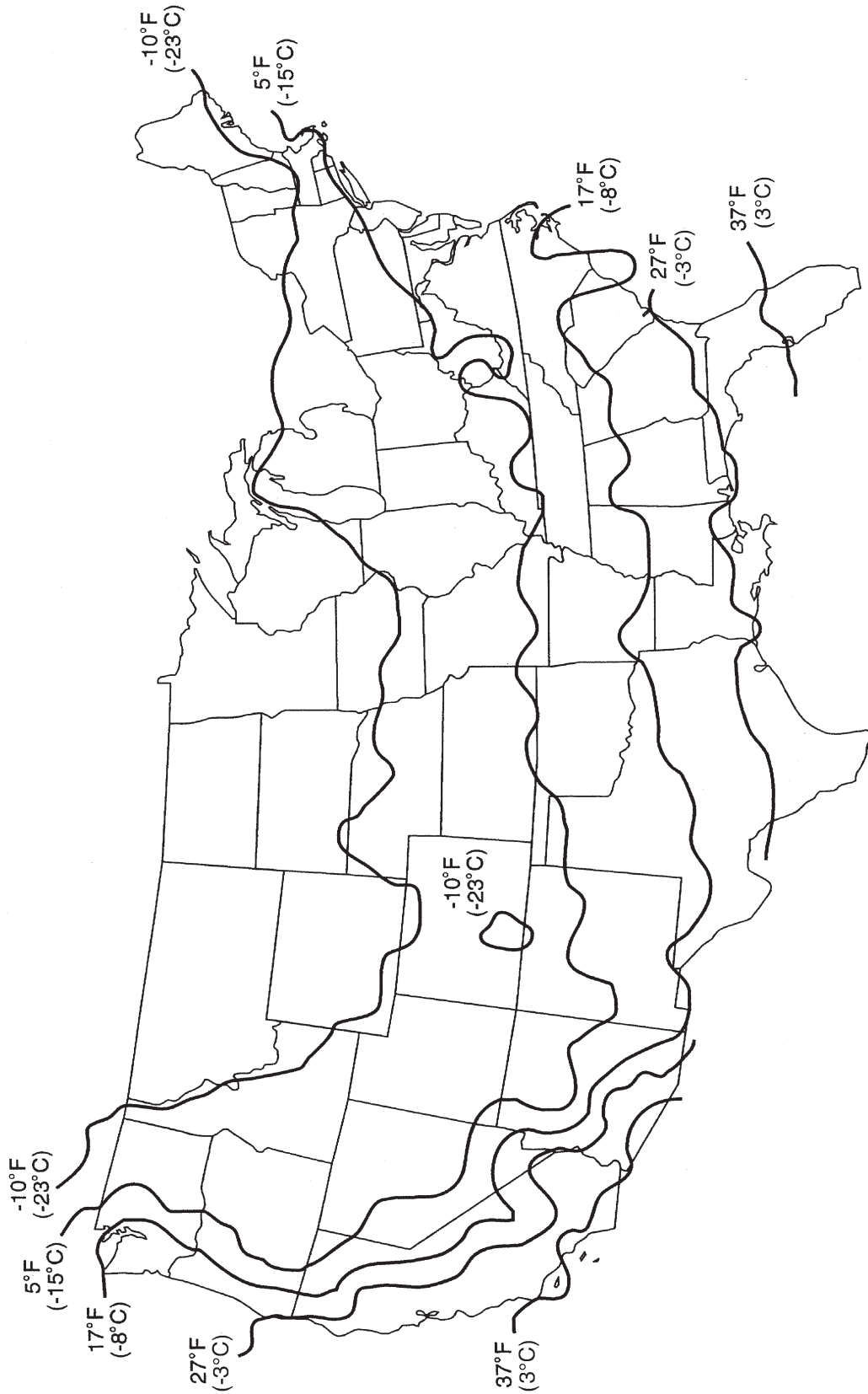


FIGURE B-19

